Tracking urban development with satellite data

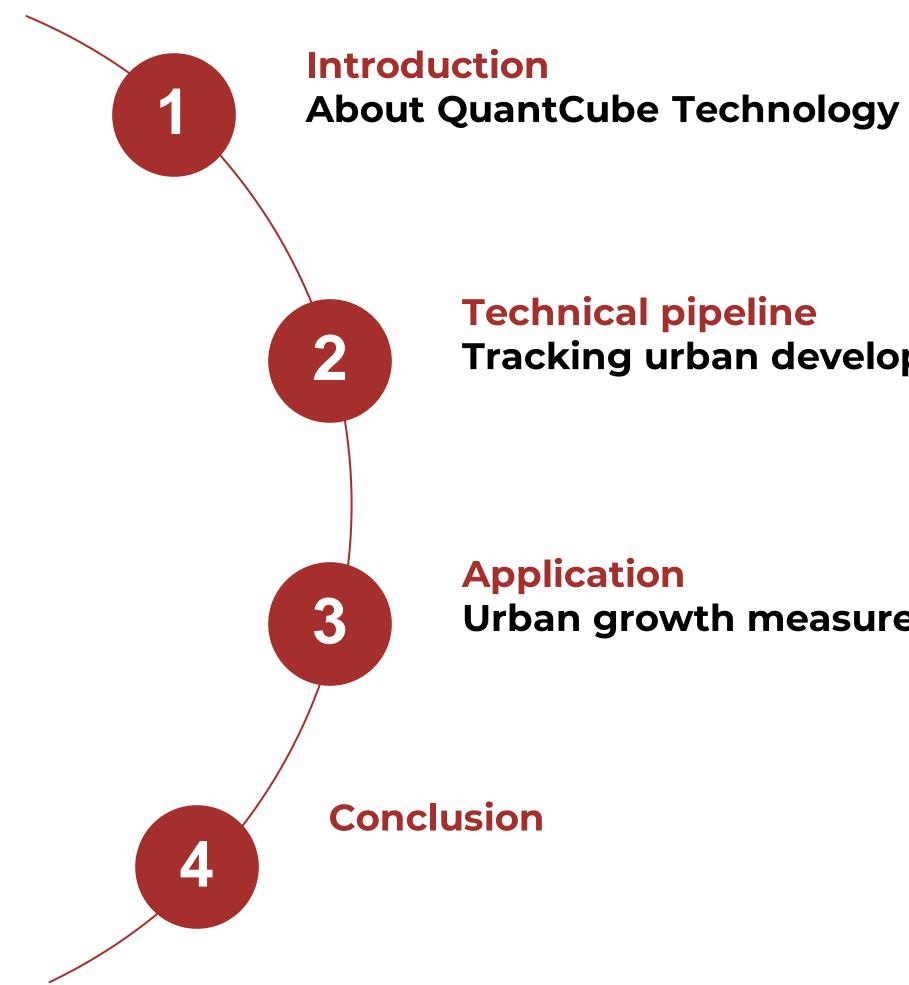
Othmane Aouassar, Ihsane Squalli

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SUMMARY





Technical pipeline Tracking urban development with satellite data

Urban growth measurement in India

About QuantCube Technology



INTRODUCTION About QuantCube Technology

Overview

QuantCube uses artificial intelligence and big data analytics to deliver real time macroeconomic insights ahead of the Market. We give institutional investors a critical edge in their investment strategies.

Data Coverage

Our Datalake contains over 15 Billion Datapoints including :

TEXT DATA

SOCIAL MEDIA FINANCIAL BLOGS NEWS ARTICLES JOB OPENINGS HOTEL & RESTAURANTS REVIEWS

GEOSPATIAL DATA

EARTH OBSERVATION SATELLITE ATMOSPHERIC DATA RADAR DATA

GEOLOCATION DATA

SHIPPING TRAFFIC FLIGHT TRAFFIC HEAVY VEHICLE LOCATION MOBILITY DATA

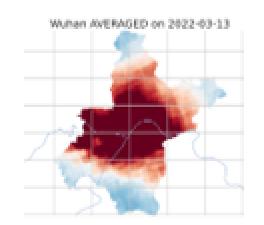
STRUCTURED DATA

GOOD PRICES REAL ESTATE PRICES INTERNET QUERIES WEB TRAFFIC



Al and Finance Experts

STATE OF THE ART COMPUTER VISION AND NLP TECHNIQUES



City Level Pollution Index



High Resolution Satellite Data



Multilingual Text Analysis

COMPUTER VISION AND NLP R&D PARTNERS

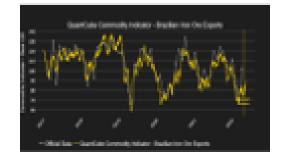
esa cnes



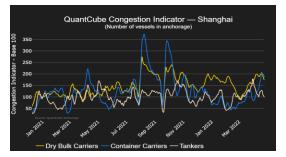
EXPERTS IN FINANCE AND COMMODITY ANALYTICS



Vessels and Cargoes position data processing



Commodity trade AIS data



Ports congestion AIS Data

ECONOMETRICS AND FORECAST MODELING PARTNERS







URBAN GROWTH A Tool for Innovation and Impact

ECONOMIC USE CASES



1. Measurement of Development



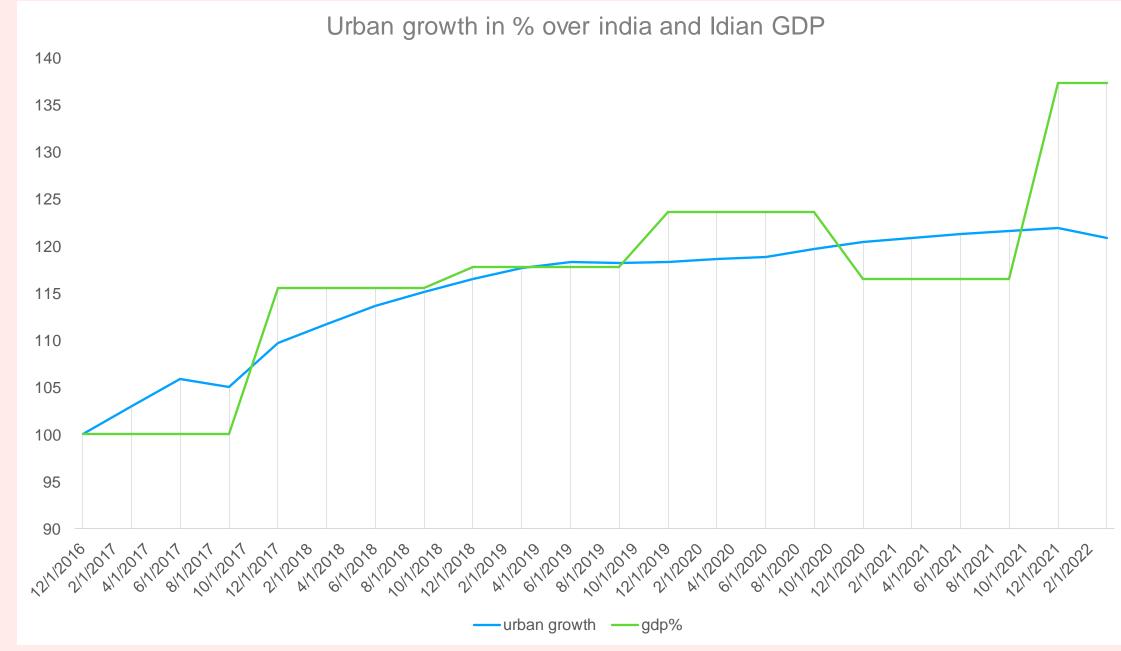
2. Growth in sectorial activity for cities strongly linked to a specific industry



3. Plan water, electricity and oil supply



INDIA CASE



- + 18 % of Urban Growth in 7 years ●
- Urban population increase of 14% during the same period •
- Indian GDP correlated with urban growth index for the pre-covid period ullet





Tracking urban development with satellite data



QUANTCUBE APPROACH

Data Description

EXISTING SOLUTION

Traditional Solution

- Land use surveys
- Aerial photography
- Ground-based surveys

NOT SCALABLE

VERY COSTLY

MANUAL WORK

Satellite data solution

- VIIRS night data, ESRI and ESA Land Cover

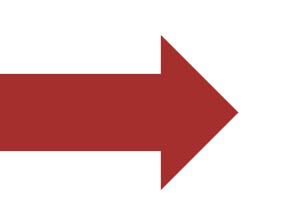
ANNUAL UPDATES

10m RESOLUTION

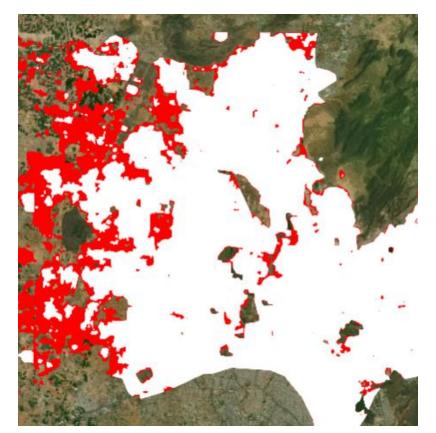


Tracking urban development with low and high-resolution satellite data

QUANTCUBE APPROACH



	Low Resolution	High Resolution
Data source	Sentinel 1 & 2	Pléiades
Time frequency	Quarterly	-
Data lag	Real Time	On demand
Spatial resolution	10 meter	50 cm
Historical data	2016	2012





Building segmentation map based on Pléiades imagery

Urban surface segmentation mask based on Sentinel imagery





TECHNICAL PIPELINE

Tracking urban development with low- and high-resolution satellite data

STEP 1

Collect low resolution satellite imagery

Estimate the urban growth (Surface - 2D)



Estimation of the urban growth and new urban areas



STEP 2

Collect high resolution satellite imagery

Segment and type classify the buildings

Calculate the volume of the buildings



- Detection of constructions in a specific area
- Identification of the type of new buildings: residential, commercial, industrial 2.
- Volume estimation 3.





TECHNICAL PIPELINE Step 1 – Sentinel-2 Pipeline

PIPELINE

Step 1: Download Sentinel-2 Images

Step 2: Pre-processing: Cloud detection, projection,

band ratio

<u>Step 3</u>: Predict using a Deep Learning Model

<u>Step 4</u>: Post Processing to create a probability mask



Probability mask



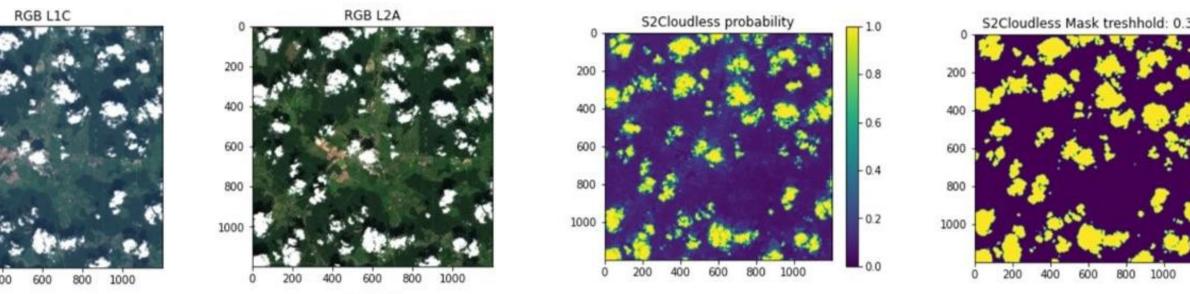


Collect low

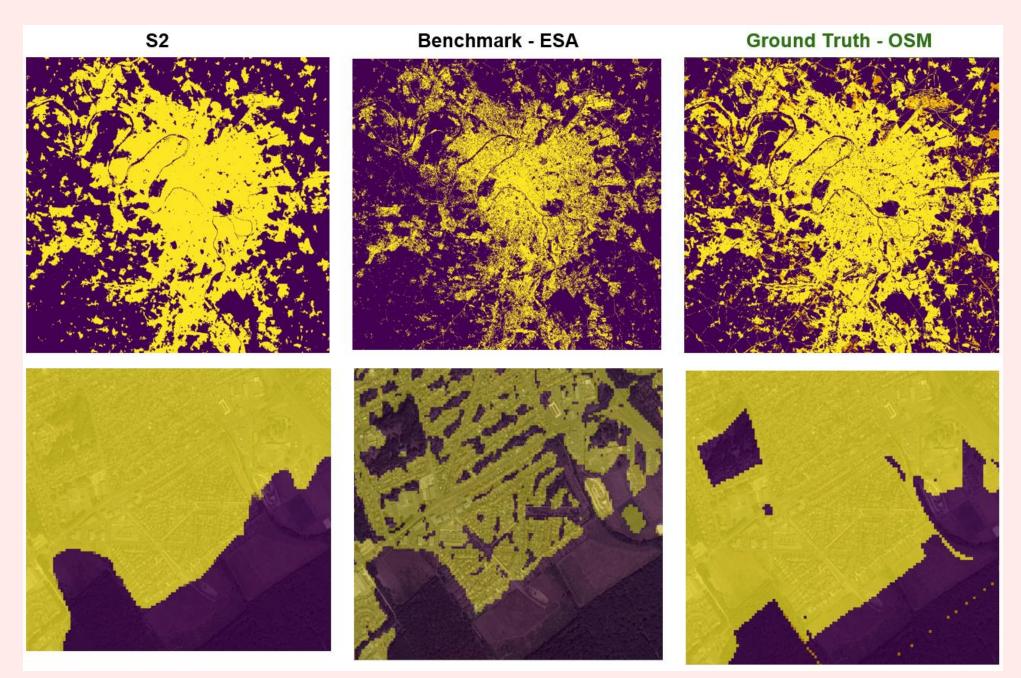
resolution satellite

imagery

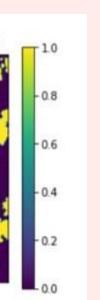
Estimate the urban growth (Surface – 2D)



Step 1 & 2: Download and Pre-processing



Step 3 & 4 : Prediction and Comparison to the Benchmark



TECHNICAL PIPELINE Step 1 – Sentinel-1 Pipeline

PIPELINE

Step 1: Download Sentinel-1 Images

<u>Step 2</u>: Pre-processing using a Deep Learning

model (SAR-CNN)

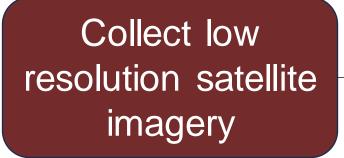
<u>Step 3</u>: Predict using a Machine Learning Model

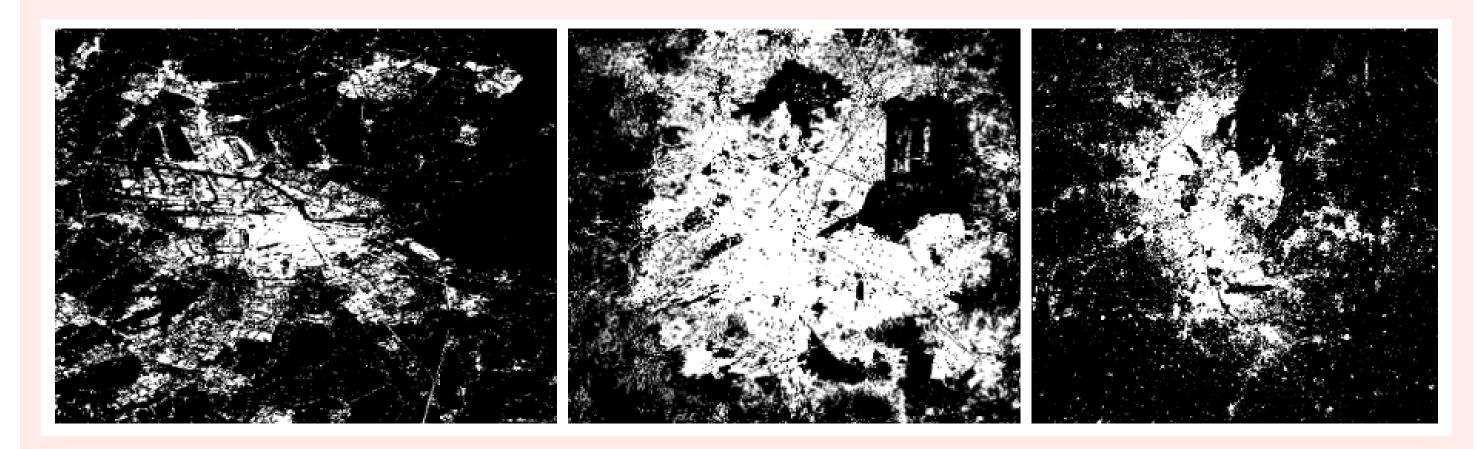
(Kmean clustering and cluster selection with a

score function)

<u>Step 4</u>: Post Processing to create a probability

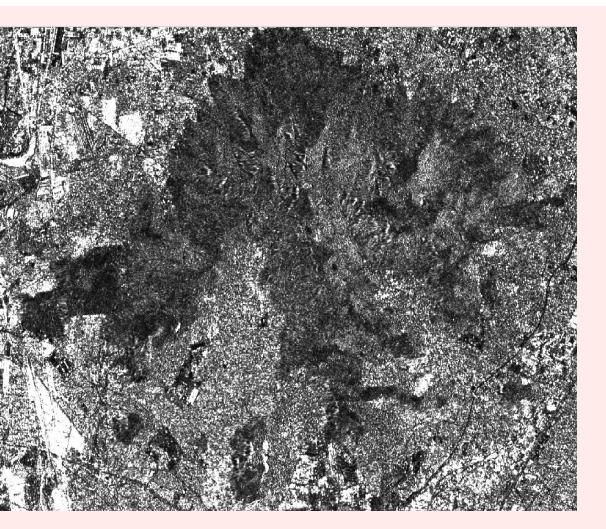
mask

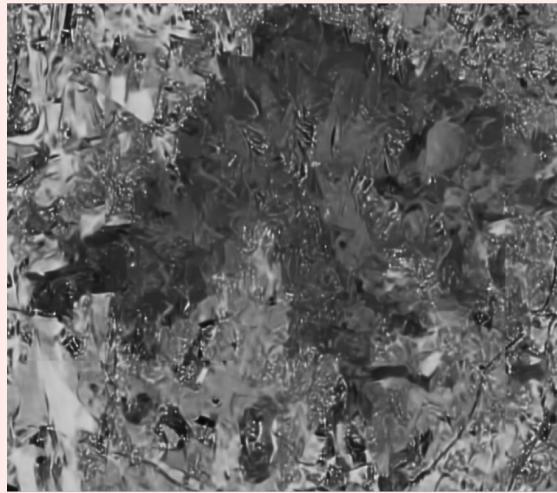






Estimate the urban growth (Surface - 2D)





Step 1 & 2: Denoising of Sentinel-1 images

Step 3 & 4 : Segmentation over Amsterdam (left), Mexico-City (center), Jaipur (right)

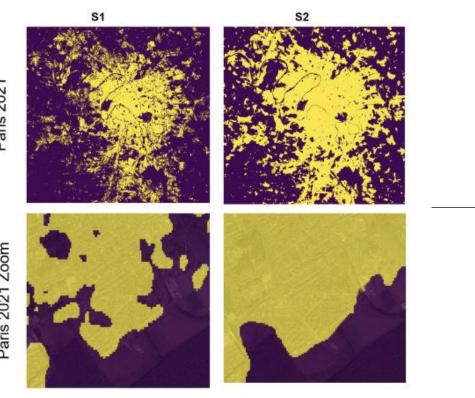


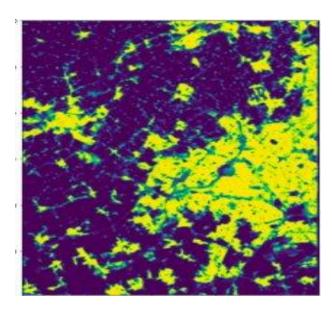


TECHNICAL PIPELINE Step 1 – Global Pipeline & Results

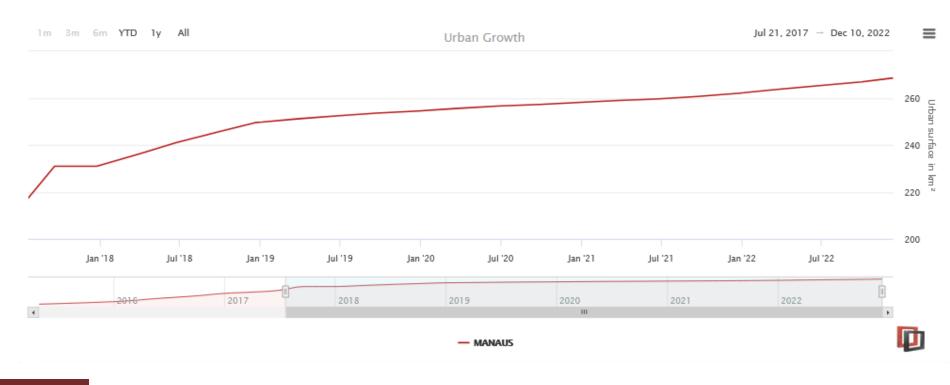
AGREGATION

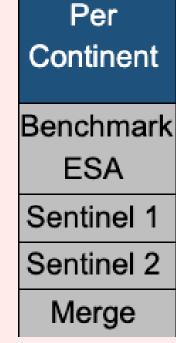
From probability masks to time series





Aggregation function using the previous states of a pixel and the probabilities to go from a state to another





Potential Developments:

- other resources



Estimate the urban growth (Surface - 2D)

RESULTS

		Europe			Asia		La	tin Americ	a	No	rth Americ	2
	Recall	Precision	F1	Recall	Precision	F1	Recall	Precision	F1	Recall	Precision	
<	0,79	0,78	0,78	0,77	0,41	0,47	0,82	0,42	0,55	0,70	0,34	
	0,79	0,80	0,78	0,73	0,38	0,42	0,76	0,39	0,49	0,71	0,24	
	0,91	0,81	0,85	0,82	0,41	0,49	0,89	0,43	0,57	0,80	0,31	
	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.75	0.42	0.53	0.76	0.39	0.52	0.78	0.26	

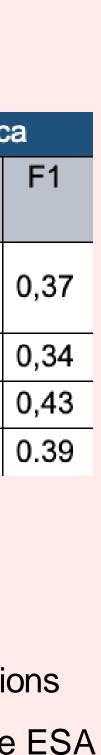
• The S2 pipeline yield convincing results against the ESA Worldcover benchmark

The pipeline F1 score beats the benchmark on most climate and continents

The results in dry climates could be explained by a lack of training data in those conditions The results are less sensible to the presence of vegetation within urban areas than the ESA

Worldcover, leading to a better recall for urban labels

- Change to recent state of the art DL models for a better robustness and aggregate data from





TECHNICAL PIPELINE

Step 2 – High Resolution images pipeline

PIPELINE

Step 1: Download stéréo Pléiades Images (50cm resolution RGB + NIR)

Step 2: Pre-processing: image registration, image orthorectification and image calibration

<u>Step 3</u>: Create the Buildings classification map using a Deep Learning Model

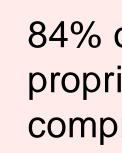
<u>Step 4</u>: Digital Surface Model to estimate the volume of each building

Step 5: Create time series to track the volume

<u>Step 6:</u> Building type classification (industrial, residential, commercial) using a proprietary deep learning algorithm







Collect high resolution satellite imagery

Segment and type classify the buildings

Calculate the volume of the buildings



<u>Left: Step 3 - Building Classification Map ; Right: Step 4: Digital Surface Model</u>

RESULTS

84% of accuracy for the building segmentation. The validation has been done on a proprietary database labelled manually on Pléiades images. This database comprises cities in all continents.

70% of accuracy for the building type classification as industrial

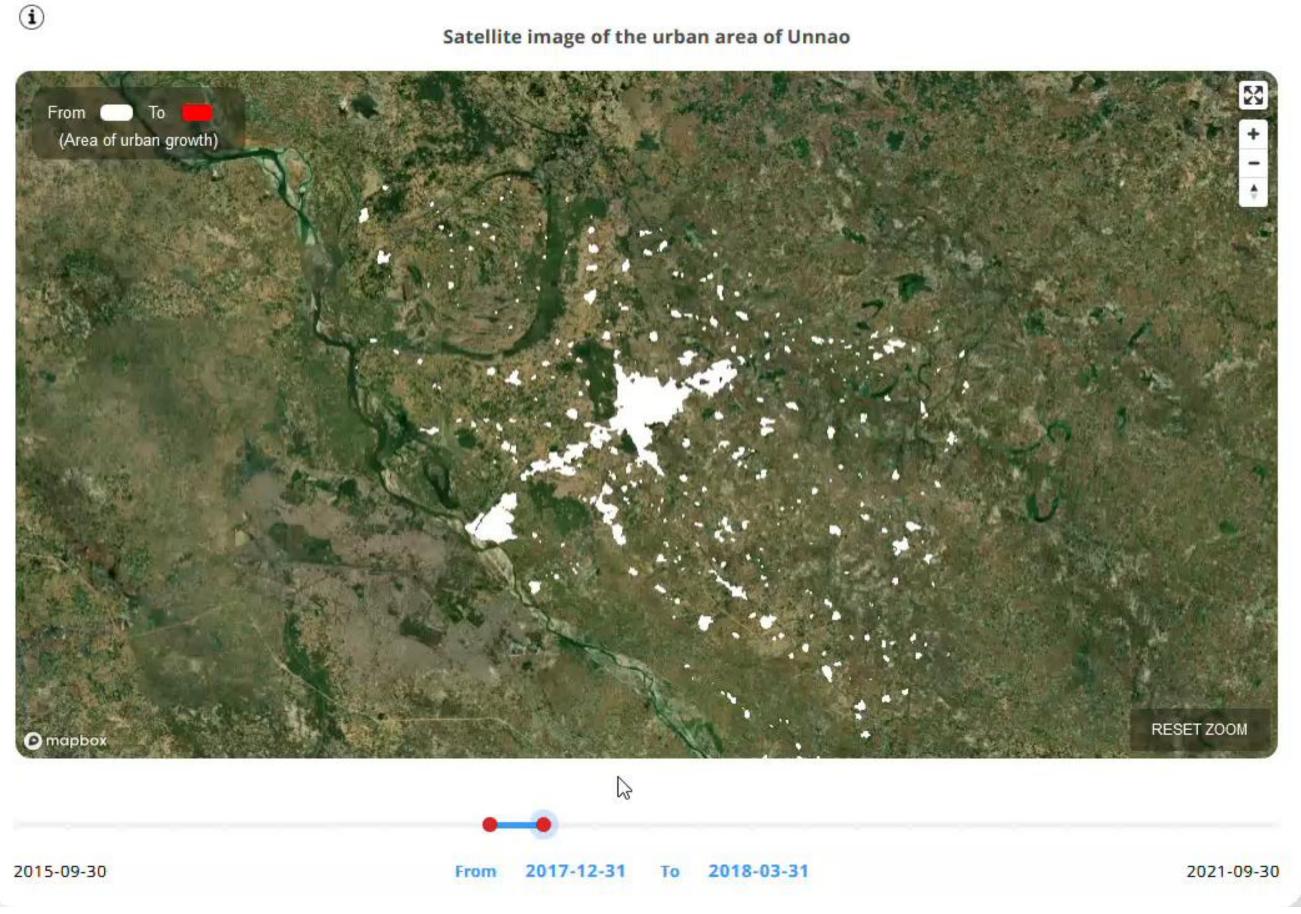


Application: Urban growth measurement in India

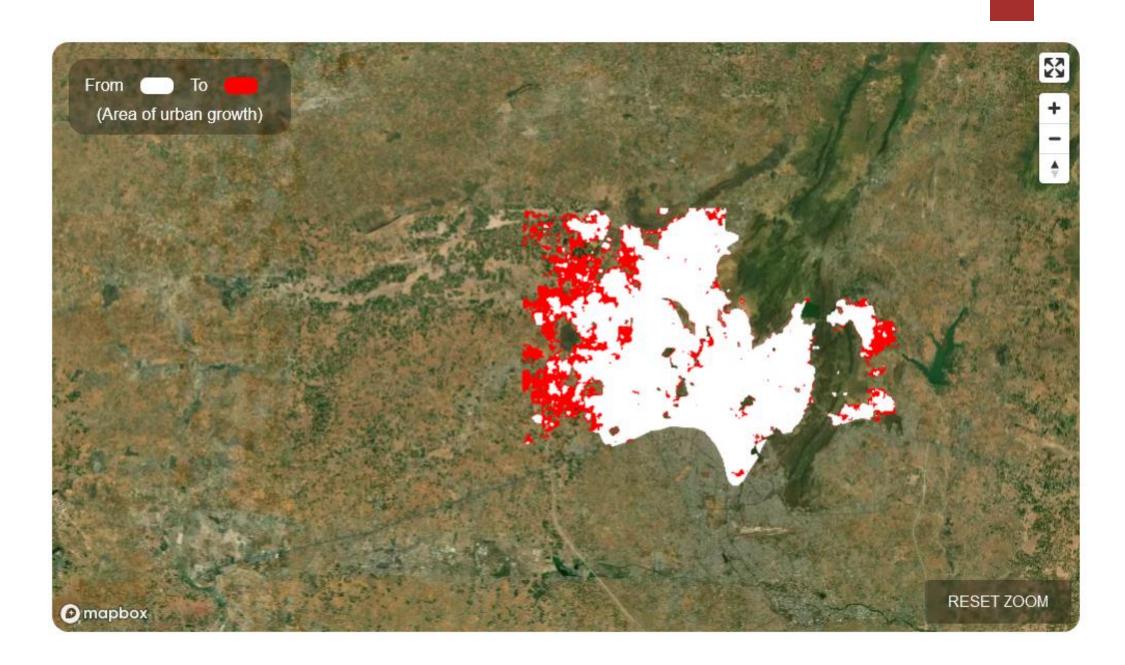


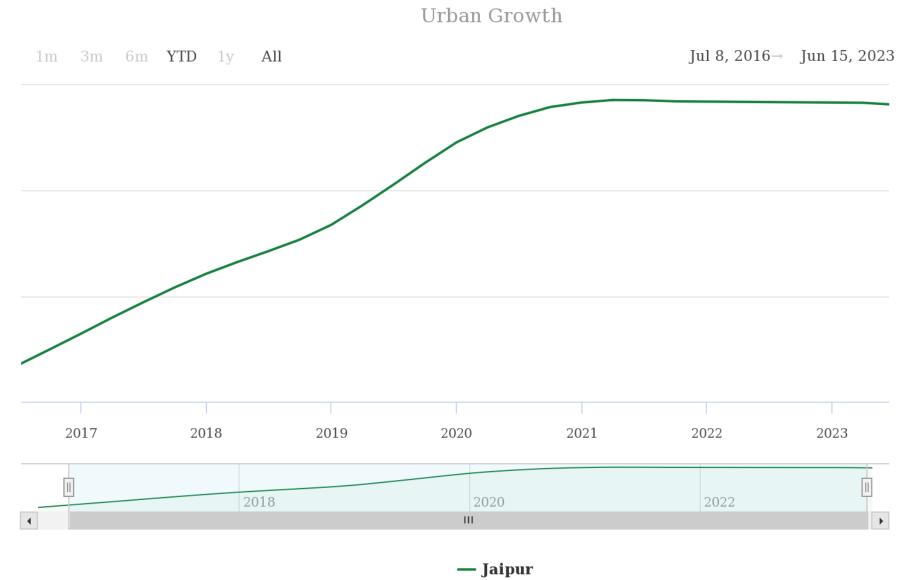
APPLICATION Focus India

Using the low-resolution pipeline to track Urban Growth







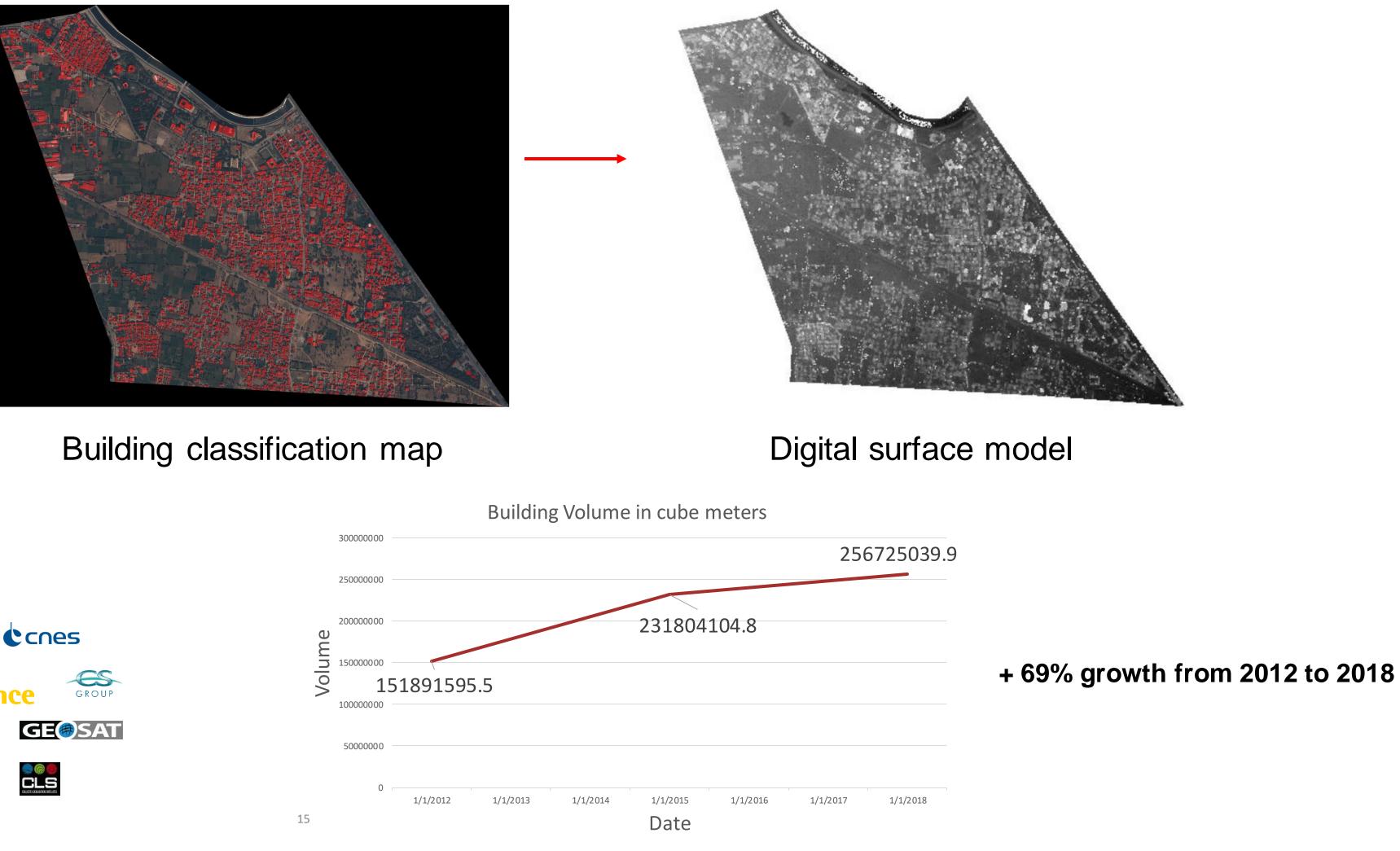


160

140

APPLICATION Focus India



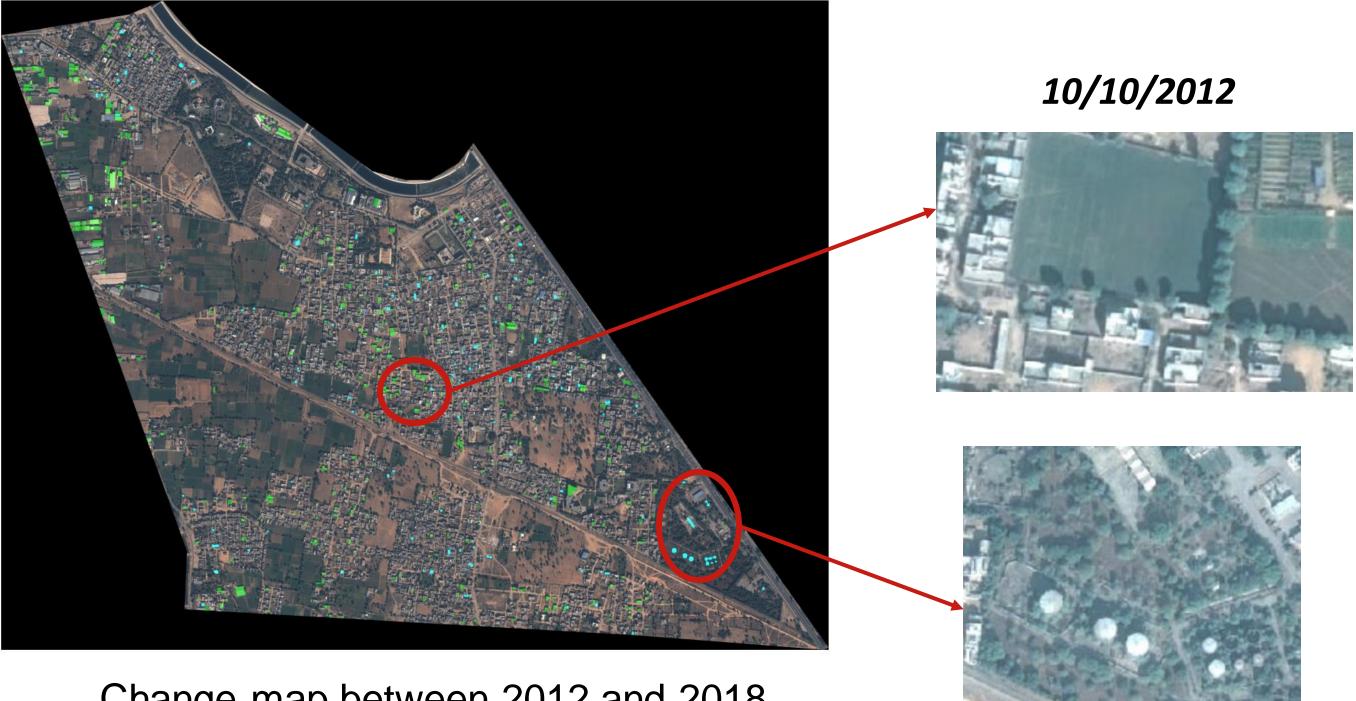


Area in the outskirts of Jaipur, India



Using the high-resolution pipeline to classify the buildings and track the volumes of the buildings

APPLICATION Focus India



Change map between 2012 and 2018



Using the high-resolution pipeline to classify the buildings and track the volumes of the buildings

27/12/2018



Change map







New buildings in green Destroyed buildings in blue

Conclusion



URBAN GROWTH A Tool for Innovation and Impact

ECONOMIC USE CASES



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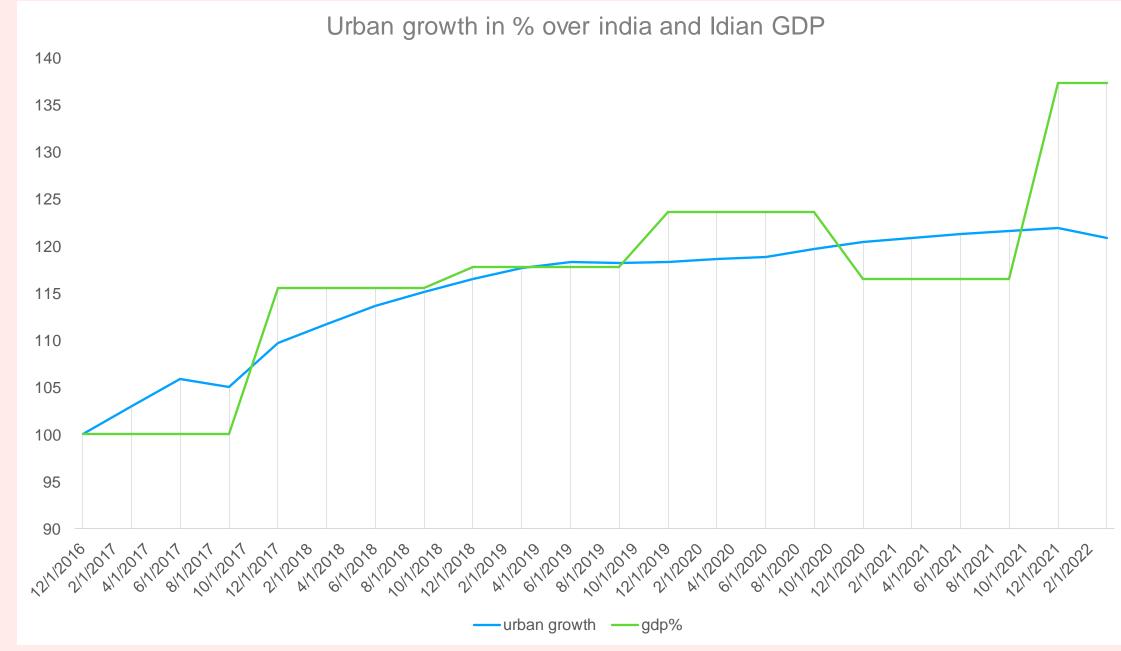
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URBAN GROWTH

Real-time monitoring of asset requires the continuous integration of data from multiple sources



4. Real Estate Investment

STEP 1 **Building Classification** using proprietary Deep Learning Algorithm



STEP 2



60+ other organisations found



ASSET MAPPING USE CASES



5. Risk Monitoring at the asset level

Multisource data aggregation

to find organizations that operate in the building

s & ations	SIREN	
IAN RANT	379548001	
ITE PRISE IAN UN	323962019	
S IER ICE	808529184	

STEP 3 **Telecom data** to monitor foot traffic in real-time

NO A



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

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